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Missouri three months prior to its importation in this State to any of the said contagious or infectious diseases, it shall be the duty of the said court to appoint three disinterested parties, who shall be stockowners, to go and appraise said diseased and quarantined stock; said appraisers shall proceed to the locality where said quarantined stock shall be, and there make an appraisalment, taking into consideration the condition of said stock, also the disease with which it is affected, in determining its value, and immediately report the same, in writing, to said court.

The amount paid on any appraisalment of any nonregistered animal for any disease for which indemnity may be paid under this section shall not exceed \$40 for each animal, and the appraisalment for any registered, pure-bred animal shall not exceed \$200 for each animal. Except in cases of cattle quarantined on account of tuberculosis and coming under section 715, the sheriff shall accompany said appraisers, and shall, after appraisalment, kill said stock and order the same burned or buried by the proprietor, and he shall embody a description of said animals with the report of the appraiser to said court. Said court, upon receipt of such appraisalment, shall report the same to the governor, and the governor shall indorse thereon his order to the State auditor for the payment of the same; thereupon the State auditor shall issue his warrant for the same on the State treasurer. (R. S. 1899, sec. 10549, amended, laws 1909, p. 899.)

SEC. 726. *Salaries of veterinarian and deputies.*—The State veterinarian, deputy State veterinarians, and live-stock inspectors shall receive salaries fixed by the State board of agriculture and necessary traveling expenses in the discharge of official duties, payable out of the funds provided for the maintenance of the veterinary service. The State veterinarian, deputies, and live-stock inspectors shall each render an itemized account to the said board of agriculture of all the traveling and incidental expenses incurred in working under this law. Said account or accounts shall be audited, and if found correct, shall be allowed as is now or may hereafter be provided by law.

**Domestic Animals—Running at Large—Boards of Trustees in Towns and Villages May Regulate or Prohibit. (Act Mar. 22, 1915.)**

SECTION 1. *Amending article 6, chapter 84, by adding a new section thereto.*—That article 6 of chapter 84 of the Revised Statutes of 1909, relating to towns and villages, be amended by inserting the following section after section 9436 in said article 6 of chapter 84.

SEC. 9436a. *Restraining domestic animals from running at large; impounding and selling same.*—In addition to the power already possessed by towns and villages under this article to restrain domestic animals from running at large within their corporate limits, such towns and villages may, through their board of trustees, regulate or prohibit the running at large of cattle, hogs, horses, sheep, goats, mules, asses, and other domestic animals, and cause such as may be running at large to be impounded and sold in such manner and time as may be provided by ordinance; such trustees may provide fees for restraining and impounding such animals to be paid by the owners and may also provide penalties for the owners who allow or permit such animals to run at large. The said trustees may also provide for the erection of all needful pens, pounds, and buildings for the use of such town or village, within or without the limits thereof, and appoint and compensate keepers thereof and establish and enforce rules governing the same.

**NEW JERSEY.**

**Communicable Diseases—County Hospitals—Issuance of Bonds for Erection and Maintenance. (Chap. 70, Act Mar. 22, 1915.)**

1. To meet the further expenses to be incurred under the provisions of the act to which this is a further supplement for the acquisition of lands and the erection thereon of a suitable building or buildings to be used for a hospital for contagious or infectious diseases and for the furnishing and maintenance of the same in any county of this

State, the board of chosen freeholders may, from time to time, in addition to any bonds theretofore authorized by law, in the name and on the credit of said county, borrow money by issuing the bonds of said county to a sum not exceeding, in the aggregate, \$300,000 over and above the total amount theretofore authorized by law, such bonds to run for a term not exceeding 40 years, to bear interest at a rate not exceeding 4½ per cent per annum, payable semiannually; such bonds shall not be sold or disposed of at less than their par value and may be made payable at any place which the board of chosen freeholders may determine, and they shall also determine the form of the bonds. A sinking fund shall be established by said board of chosen freeholders on the issuing of any such bonds, sufficient with the accumulations thereof to extinguish the principal of said bonds so issued when due. The principal and interest of the bonds issued under the authority of this act shall be the debt or obligation of the county wherein they are issued and the payment thereof shall be provided for by taxation in the same manner that other debts and obligations of the county are provided for by taxation.

**Communicable Diseases—Hospitals in Cities—Issuance of Bonds for Erection and Maintenance. (Chap. 384, Act Apr. 21, 1915.)**

1. Section 1 of the act hereby amended [an act to amend an act entitled "An act to authorize and provide for the establishment and maintenance of hospitals for contagious diseases for cities in this State," approved Mar. 23, 1900, which amendment was approved Mar. 18, 1913] be, and the same is, amended so as to read as follows:

"1. Whenever the board of health of any city of this State shall, by resolution passed by the votes of a majority of the members thereof, declare that it is necessary to establish and maintain in and for such city a hospital which shall be devoted exclusively to the treatment and relief of persons suffering from contagious and infectious diseases, and setting forth the estimated cost thereof, a copy of the said resolution, certified under the hands of the president or chairman and secretary or clerk of such board or body, shall be forthwith transmitted to the common council, board of aldermen, or other board having charge and control of the finances of such city, and thereupon such financial board, by resolution, shall make an appropriation or appropriations as hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, in all cities having by the census last preceding the adoption of such resolution a population of not more than 15,000, a sum not exceeding \$10,000; in all cities having by such census a population exceeding 15,000 and not exceeding 30,000, a sum not exceeding the sum of \$20,000; in all cities having by such census a population exceeding 30,000 and not exceeding 100,000, a sum not exceeding the sum of \$75,000; and in all cities having by such census a population exceeding 100,000, a sum not exceeding the sum of \$100,000, nor shall the minimum of such appropriations be less than one-fourth of the said amounts in each case, respectively; for the purchase of lands, if required, and the erection and furnishing of a suitable building or buildings in and for such city by such board of health, and upon the adoption of such resolution by such financial board, such board shall from time to time issue bonds in the corporate name of such city for the amount so appropriated, which bonds shall be of such denomination as such financial board shall determine, and shall be made payable in not less than 20 years nor more than 50 years; they shall bear interest at a rate not greater than 4½ per cent per annum, which shall be payable semiannually, and may be registered or coupon bonds, or may be registered and coupon bonds combined, at the option of said financial board; they shall be sold at public or private sale, but for not less than par and accrued interest, and there shall be raised by tax in each year the interest on the whole amount of the bonds so issued, together with at least 1 per cent per annum of the principal of such bonds for a sinking fund, to be paid to the commissioners of the sinking fund of such city for the purpose of meeting the said bonds when they shall become due; there shall further be raised in each annual tax levy in any city for which such hospital is established an amount